

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



n-Butylamine

10440

Version / Revision

3.01

Revision Date

02-Dec-2020

Supersedes Version

3.00\*\*\*

Issuing date

02-Dec-2020

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

**n-Butylamine**

CAS-No

109-73-9

EC No.

203-699-2

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance / Preparation

Intermediate.

Uses advised against

None

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking Identification

**OQ Chemicals GmbH**  
Rheinpromenade 4A  
D-40789 Monheim  
Germany

Product Information

Product Stewardship  
FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053  
email: sc.psq@oq.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (UK) available 24/7

NCEC +1 202 464 2554

Local emergency telephone number

+61 2 8014 4558 (Australia)

18000 74234 (Australia toll-free number)

+64 9 929 1483 (New Zealand)

0800 446 881 (New Zealand toll-free number)

+65 3158 1195 (Sri Lanka)

007 803 011 0293 (Indonesia toll-free number)

+60 3 6207 4347 (Malaysia)

001 800 120 666 751 (Thailand toll-free number)

+65 3158 1200 (Bangladesh)

+63 2 8231 2149 (Philippines)

+84 28 4458 2388 (Vietnam)

+65 3165 2217 (Singapore)

available 24/7

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### Europe

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## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified based on Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

Flammable liquid Category 2, H225  
Acute oral toxicity Category 4, H302  
Acute dermal toxicity Category 3, H311  
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 3, H331  
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A, H314  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318  
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335

### Additional information

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements see SECTION 16.

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation).

### Hazard pictograms



### Signal word

**Danger**

### Hazard statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.  
H331: Toxic if inhaled.  
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

### Precautionary statements

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233: Keep container tightly closed.  
P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P321: Specific treatment: IF ON SKIN: Wash off with 3% acetic acid followed by large amounts of plain water for at least 5 min as a final step.  
P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.\*\*\*

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## 2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback  
Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and through the skin

**PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

## USA

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

Acute oral toxicity Category 4, H302  
Acute dermal toxicity Category 3, H311  
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 3, H331  
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A, H314  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1, H318  
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 3, H335  
Flammable liquid Category 2, H225  
Environmental hazard Aquatic Acute 2; H401

**OSHA Specified Hazards** Not applicable.

### 2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

**Hazard symbol(s)**



**Signal word**

**Danger**

**Hazard statements**

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H311 + H331: Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.  
H401: Toxic to aquatic life

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233: Keep container tightly closed.  
P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

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P242: Use non-sparking tools.  
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours.  
P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.  
P273: Avoid release to the environment.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.\*\*\*

## Response

P301 + P330 + P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P321: Specific treatment: IF ON SKIN: Wash off with 3% acetic acid followed by large amounts of plain water for at least 5 min as a final step.  
P361: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

## Storage

P403 + P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405: Store locked up.

## Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback  
Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and through the skin

## SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACH-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
Butylamine	109-73-9	01-2119470233-46	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Acute Tox. 3; H331 Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (>=1%)	> 99,5

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. Call a physician immediately. Symptoms of poisoning may develop many hours after exposure.

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## **Eyes**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

## **Skin**

Wash off with 3% acetic acid followed by large amounts of plain water for at least 5 min as a final step. Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with difficulty.

## **Ingestion**

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

## **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

### **Main symptoms**

shortness of breath, convulsions, cough, hypertensive effect, headache, vomiting, allergic reactions, nausea, unconsciousness.

### **Special hazard**

Stomach perforation, Lung oedema.

## **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

### **General advice**

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat as an alkaline substance (similar to ammonia). If ingested, irrigate the stomach. Treat skin and mucous membranes with antihistamine and corticoids. In case of lung irritation, first treatment with cortisone spray. Symptoms may be delayed. Later control for pneumonia and lung oedema.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), water spray

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of:

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons

Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback

### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

#### **Special protective equipment for firefighters**

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

#### **Precautions for firefighting**

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Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Water run-off and vapor cloud may be corrosive. Keep people away from and upwind of fire.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

#### **Methods for containment**

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

#### **Methods for cleaning up**

Soak up with inert absorbent material. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Refill and handle product only in closed system.

#### **Hygiene measures**

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### **Advice on the protection of the environment**

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

#### **Incompatible products**

strong acids  
oxidizing agents

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

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## Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Vapour is heavier than air and can travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback.

## Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care. Handle under nitrogen, protect from moisture. Keep at temperatures between -18 and 38 °C (0 and 100 °F).

## Temperature class

T2

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Intermediate  
Formulation  
Distribution of substance  
laboratory chemicals\*\*\*

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits European Union

No exposure limits established

#### Exposure limits Germany

#### TRGS 900

Component	AGW (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	AGW (ppm)	STEL factor Peak factor	Peak-limit category
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9	6.1 ***	2	2 2.5 ***	I ***
Component	Skin resorptive		Reproductive hazard	Note
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9			Y***	

#### MAK-values from the DFG

Component	MAK (ppm)	MAK (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	listed w/o limits	Ceiling limit value
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9	2	6.1 ***		(2) I
Component	H;S	carcinogenic category	pregnancy group	mutagenicity category
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9			C	

#### Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

#### Exposure limits United States of America

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## US ACGIH

Component	Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ceiling (ppm)	Skin Absorption	Sensitization
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9		5	Yes	

## US OSHA Z-1

Component	Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ceiling (ppm)	PEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	PEL (ppm)	Skin Designation
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9	15	5			Yes

### Note

For details and further information please refer to the original regulation.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

### Personal protective equipment

#### General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

#### Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.

<b>Suitable material</b>	Viton
<b>Evaluation</b>	according to EN 374: level 3
<b>Glove thickness</b>	approx 0,5 mm
<b>Break through time</b>	approx 40 min

<b>Suitable material</b>	polyvinylchloride
<b>Evaluation</b>	Information derived from practical experience
<b>Glove thickness</b>	approx 0,8 mm

#### Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

#### Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for ammonia vapour and ammonia derivatives (K Filter). Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust). Equipment



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should conform to NIOSH, EN or other applicable national standards.

## Environmental exposure controls

Use product only in closed system. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	liquid @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Colour	colourless
Odour	ammonia-like
Odour threshold	1,8 µl/l
pH	13 (50 % in water @ 25 °C (77 °F)) DIN 19268***
Melting point/range	-47 °C (Pour point) @ 1013 hPa
Boiling point/range	77 °C @ 1013 hPa
Flash point	-7,5 °C
Method	ISO 13736
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Does not apply, the substance is a liquid
Lower explosion limit	1,7 Vol %
Upper explosion limit	10 Vol %

#### Vapour pressure

Values [hPa]	Values [kPa]	Values [atm]	@ °C	@ °F	Method
102	10,2	0,101	20	68	DIN EN 13016-2
369	36,9	0,364	50	122	DIN EN 13016-2

Vapour density 2,5 (Air = 1) @ 20 °C (68 °F)

#### Relative density

Values	@ °C	@ °F	Method
0,736	20	68	DIN 51757

Solubility > 424 g/l @ 20 °C, miscible, in water, OECD 105

log Pow 0 @ 25 °C (77 °F), OECD 117\*\*\*

Autoignition temperature 320 °C

Method DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 0,51 mPa\*s @ 20 °C

Method ASTM D445, dynamic

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups associated with oxidizing properties

Explosive properties Does not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties

### 9.2. Other information

Molecular weight 73,14

Molecular formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N

log Koc 1,64 @ 22,5°C (72,5 °F) OECD 106\*\*\*

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Dissociation constant pKa 10,8 @ 23,5 °C (74,3 °F) OECD 112  
Refractive index 1,401 @ 20 °C  
Surface tension 69,5 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F)), OECD 115

## SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids, oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. If heated to thermal decomposition the following decomposition products may occur depending on the conditions. carbon monoxide (CO). nitrogen oxides (NOx). cyanides. nitric acid. nitriles.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion

Acute toxicity				
Butylamine (109-73-9)				
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	372 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 401
Dermal	LD50	1100 mg/kg	guinea pig male***	21 CFR 191.10
Dermal	LD50	429 mg/kg	guinea pig male***	21 CFR 191.10
Inhalative	LC50	> 4,2 mg/l (4h)	rat, male/female	OECD 403

#### Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

##### Assessment

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

#### Irritation and corrosion

##### Butylamine (109-73-9)

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Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	corrosive	OECD 404	1 min
Eyes	rabbit	corrosive		
Respiratory tract***	mouse***	RD50: 84 - 112 ppm***		15 - 60 min***

## **Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9**

### **Assessment**

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

### **Sensitization**

#### **Butylamine (109-73-9)**

Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406	2 %, aqueous solution***

## **Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9**

### **Assessment**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

### **Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity**

#### **Butylamine (109-73-9)**

Type	Dose	Species	Method	
Subacute toxicity	NOAEL: < 17 ppm/d (14 d)	rat, female	OECD 412	Inhalation

## **Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9**

### **Assessment**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

### **Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity, Reproductive toxicity**

#### **Butylamine (109-73-9)**

Type	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella typhimurium	negative	OECD 471 (Ames)	In vitro study
Mutagenicity		mouse	negative	OECD 474	in vivo
Mutagenicity		mouse lymphoma cells	negative***	OECD 476 (Mammalian Gene Mutation)	In vitro study
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEC: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	rat, parental		OECD 415	read across
Reproductive toxicity	NOAEC: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat, prenatal		OECD 415	read across
Developmental Toxicity	LOAEC: 51 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	rat		OECD 412 Inhalation***	Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEC: 460 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	rat		OECD 412 Inhalation***	Developmental toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Oral	Teratogenicity read across***
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 400	rat		OECD 414, Oral	Maternal toxicity

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	mg/kg/d				read across***
Developmental Toxicity	LOAEL 400 mg/kg/d	rat		OECD 414, Oral	Teratogenicity read across***

## **Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9**

### **CMR Classification**

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

### **Evaluation**

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

No reprotoxic effects in the absence of maternal toxicity

In the absence of specific alerts no cancer testing is required

## **Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9**

### **Main symptoms**

shortness of breath, convulsions, cough, hypertensive effect, headache, vomiting, allergic reactions, nausea, unconsciousness.

### **Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

The available data lead to the classification given in section 2

### **Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

### **Aspiration toxicity**

Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard

### **Other adverse effects**

Components of the product may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and through the skin.

### **Note**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Further details on substance data can be found in the registration dossier under the following link:

<http://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances>.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1. Toxicity**

<b>Acute aquatic toxicity</b>			
<b>Butylamine (109-73-9)</b>			
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	96h	LC50: 268 mg/l	OECD 203***
Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)	96h	LC50: 32 mg/l	OECD 203
Pseudomonas putida	16 h	NOEC: 65 mg/l	DIN 38412, part 8
Pseudomonas putida	16 h	EC0: > 800 mg/l (neutralized)	DIN 38412, part 8
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	EC50: 8,3 mg/l	Mobility
Daphnia magna (Water flea)	48h	NOEC: 5,7 mg/l	Mobility
Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h	EC50: 17 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201
Menidia beryllina***	72h***	LC50: 24 mg/l***	OECD 203***
Pseudomonas putida***	16 h***	TTC: 800 mg/l (neutralized)***	ISO 10712***
Pseudomonas putida***	16 h***	TTC: 65 mg/l (not	ISO 10712***

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		neutralized)***	
Ceriodaphnia dubia***	48h***	LC50: 8,2 mg/l***	Mortality***
Ceriodaphnia dubia***	48h***	NOEC: 5,7 mg/l***	Mortality***

## Long term toxicity

### Butylamine (109-73-9)

Type	Species	Dose	Method	
Mortality Reproductive toxicity***	Ceriodaphnia dubia	LOEC: 2,22 mg/l/7d***	OECD 211	
Mortality Reproductive toxicity***	Ceriodaphnia dubia	NOEC: 1,09 mg/l (7d)***	OECD 211	
Aquatic toxicity***	Desmodesmus subspicatus	NOEC: 2,26 mg/l (3d)	OECD 201 Growth inhibition	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

#### Biodegradation

85 % (14 d), activated sludge, aerobic, OECD 301 C.

#### Abiotic Degradation

### Butylamine (109-73-9)

Type	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	not expected***	
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 11,2 h***	SRC AOP v1.92***

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### Butylamine (109-73-9)

Type	Result	Method
log Pow	0 @ 25 °C (77 °F)***	OECD 117
BCF***	~ 3,2***	calculated***

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

### Butylamine (109-73-9)

Type	Result	Method
Surface tension	69,5 mN/m (1 g/l @ 20°C (68°F))	OECD 115
Adsorption/Desorption	log koc: 1,64 @ 22,5 °C ( 72,5 °F)***	OECD 106
Distribution to environmental compartments	Percent distribution in Media: Air: 20,1% Soil: 0,04% Water: 79,8% Sediment: 0,04% Suspended sediment: 0% Biota: 0%	calculated

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

#### PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very

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bioaccumulating (vPvB)

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

No data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Hazardous waste according to European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

#### Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Section 14.1 - 14.6

#### ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN 1125
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	n-Butylamine
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
Subsidiary Risk	8
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	II
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	no
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	no data available

#### IMDG

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN 1125
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	Butylamine
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
Subsidiary Risk	8
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	II
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	no
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	
EmS	F-E, S-C
<b>14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b>	
Product name	Butylamine

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



n-Butylamine  
10440

Version / Revision 3.01

Ship type 2  
Pollution category Y

## ADR/RID

**14.1. UN number** UN 1125  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** n-Butylamine  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 3  
Subsidiary Risk 8  
**14.4. Packing group** II  
**14.5. Environmental hazards** no  
**14.6. Special precautions for user**  
ADR Tunnel restriction code (D/E)  
Classification Code FC  
Hazard Number 338

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

#### Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

##### Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

**Classification** Flam. Liq. 2; H225  
Acute Tox. 4\*; H332  
Acute Tox. 4\*; H312  
Acute Tox. 4\*; H302  
Skin Corr. 1A; H314  
STOT SE 3; H335 (C $\geq$ 1%)  
**Hazard pictograms** GHS02 Flame  
GHS05 Corrosion  
GHS07 Exclamation mark  
**Signal word** Danger  
**Hazard statements** H225, H302, H312, H314, H332, H335

##### DI 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

**Category** Annex I, part 1:  
H2  
P5a - c; depending on conditions

##### DI 1999/13/EC (VOC Guideline)

Component	Status
Butylamine CAS: 109-73-9	regulated

#### International Inventories

Butylamine, CAS: 109-73-9

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**n-Butylamine**  
**10440**

**Version / Revision** 3.01

AICS (AU)  
DSL (CA)  
IECSC (CN)  
EC-No. 2036992 (EU)  
ENCS (2)-132 (JP)  
ISHL (2)-132 (JP)  
KECI KE-03750 (KR)  
INSQ (MX)  
PICCS (PH)  
TSCA (US)  
NZIoC (NZ)  
TCSI (TW)

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.  
H331: Toxic if inhaled.  
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H318: Causes serious eye damage.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

### Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link:  
[http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information\\_requirements\\_r20\\_en.pdf](http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf)

### Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

### Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

### Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by \*\*\*. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage ([www.chemicals.oq.com](http://www.chemicals.oq.com)).

### Disclaimer

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**